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## Abstract

The present invention relates to a method for characterizing samples having fluorescent particles, comprising the steps of:

- (a) monitoring intensity fluctuations of fluorescence emitted by the particles in at least one measurement volume by detecting sequences of photon counts by at least one photon detector,
- (b) determining from the sequences of photon counts intermediate statistical data comprising at least two probability functions,  $\hat{P}_1(\mathbf{n}_1), \hat{P}_2(\mathbf{n}_2),...$ , of the number of photon counts,  $\mathbf{n}_1, \mathbf{n}_2,...$ , detected in different sets of counting time intervals,
- (c) determining from said intermediate statistical data a distribution of particles as a function of at least two arguments, wherein one argument is a specific brightness of the particles, or a measure thereof, and another argument is a diffusion coefficient of the particles, or a measure thereof.